

DRAFT

AREA DRUG AND ALCOHOL PLAN

**GOLDFIELDS SOUTH-EAST COASTAL
HEALTH REGION**

MAY 2003

Drug and Alcohol Office

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	3
Process for Feedback	3
Background	3
Agency Plans	4
Issues beyond Drug and Alcohol Office responsibility	4
Regional Context	5
Current funded alcohol and other drug related activity in the Goldfields South-East Coastal Region	5
Current Drug and Alcohol Office activity in the Goldfields South-East Coastal Region	5
Current Department for Community Development Initiatives in the Goldfields Area Health Region	5
New Resource Implications	6
Summary of Draft Area Drug and Alcohol Plan for the Goldfields South-East Coastal Region	6
DRAFT GOLDFIELDS SOUTH-EAST COASTAL AREA HEALTH SERVICE Area Drug and Alcohol Plan	8
APPENDIX 1: SUMMARY OF OTHER GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT KEY INITIATIVES	13
APPENDIX 2: STATEWIDE DRUG AND ALCOHOL OFFICE ACTIVITY	23

INTRODUCTION

Process for Feedback

This Draft Area Drug and Alcohol Plan is provided to people who participated in Area Drug and Alcohol Planning in the Goldfields South-East Coastal Health Region and to other key stakeholders in the Region.

This Plan was developed based on:

- Local information collected during the consultation period in November 2002;
- Subsequent information collected since that consultation;
- Information on the current and planned actions of the Drug and Alcohol Office (DAO) to provide support for recommended strategies; and
- Information on current and planned alcohol and drug related strategies of the major WA government departments, e.g. Department of Community Development (DCD), WA Police Service, Department of Health (DoH), Department of Justice (DoJ), Department of Indigenous Affairs, Department of Housing and Works, Department of Education and Training (see Agency Plans below).

Feedback from you as a stakeholder and participant in the consultations is keenly sought by DAO. Have we “got it right”? If not what suggestions have you for improving this Plan? How best can we bring about agreement on local responses and the mechanisms for implementation? Are there existing groups/organisations/individuals in the Area who are the natural lead players to coordinate the local action? Roles and responsibilities, monitoring and reporting and timeframes also need to be considered.

Local input is critical to the success of this process of Area Planning which ultimately aims to improve services and programs for people affected by alcohol and drug problems in your Area. DAO encourages constructive feedback to enable collaborative action to achieve this goal. Please provide any feedback on the Area Drug and Alcohol Plan by **Monday 16 June 2003** to:

<p>Kathryn Kerry: Manager Planning and Coordination Drug and Alcohol Office, 7 Field Street, Mount Lawley WA 6050 Phone: (08) 9370 0310 or mailto:kathryn.kerry@health.wa.gov.au</p>
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Background

Area Drug and Alcohol Planning is a key component of the *WA Drug and Alcohol Strategy 2002-2005* which was developed from recommendations of the Community Drug Summit held in August 2001. The Strategy has identified new priorities, including a greater focus on prevention and early intervention, and a need for current services to be improved to meet the needs of people affected by alcohol and drug related problems.

Area Drug and Alcohol Planning is being facilitated by the Planning Team at DAO. This process is the first stage in assisting and supporting regional and area agencies to identify priority areas for the development of local strategies for improvement of programs and services to benefit clients and the community. The Planning process also links in with a significant number of other National and State strategies.

The first phase of the planning involved the circulation of a Discussion Paper and pre-consultation through contacts and the provision of information. The next phase of the consultation involved regional visits. Consultation meetings were held where topics such as drugs of concern, key issues, gaps, duplications and priority areas were discussed. From 25 to 29 November 2002 the DAO Planning Team consulted with 55 people from the Goldfields South-East Coastal Region. Information was collected, analysed and presented in a Draft Report, which was sent for comment in December 2002. Feedback was received from one participant (3.6%), which was integrated into the final report together with additional information from the draft regional profile, a Kalgoorlie-Boulder Community Needs Survey (2002) and a Safer WA Inter-agency Committee mapping and gap analysis (2002), in December 2002.

The Area Drug and Alcohol Planning process for the Goldfields South-East Health Region encompassed the area from the Town of Esperance and Shire of Jerramungup in the South, to the Shires of Laverton, and Leonora/Leinster in the North. Although included within the Health region boundaries, this series of workshops specifically excluded the Ngaanyatjarra Lands/Central desert region, which will be addressed at a later date.

Agency Plans

In parallel to the process of Area Drug and Alcohol Planning, DAO has worked with government agencies in the development of a cross sectoral response through government Agency Drug and Alcohol Action Plans. This has been a complex across-government exercise which has not been attempted before in relation to drug and alcohol issues. Key government departments have worked together in this collaborative first step in improving programs and services to their clients through the recognition of, and planning towards a systemic approach across these range of government agencies. The Agency Plans outline the commitments and directions of key Government Departments in the overall drug and alcohol strategy. These Agency Plans will play a significant part in guiding local government department responses to better integrated services.

The key directions of all government departments who have submitted their own *draft Drug and Alcohol Plans* are outlined in Appendix 1. These are due to be finalised and endorsed by government in early June 2003. To access the detailed action statements Agency Plans for the relevant government departments will be available on the DAO website: www.dao.health.wa.gov.au from mid June 2003.

Issues Beyond the Drug and Alcohol Office Responsibility

There were many issues raised during the consultations that are beyond the responsibility of DAO, such as:

- Children undernourished/ not going to school;
- More options and activities for young people other than school and sport;
- Health Issues, eg. Diabetes;
- More community involvement and a higher priority for indigenous issues;
- Competing land claims and their impact on the indigenous communities;
- Health services for men;
- Overcrowding in accommodations; and
- DCD intensive family programs and other support services to provide life skills, trauma, grief, abuse and anger counselling in the Esperance area.

Whilst these issues will not be included in this Plan, some are being addressed through the government's response to The Gordon Inquiry, the Homelessness Taskforce, and the Early Years Taskforce. Furthermore where appropriate these issues will be fed back to the Cabinet Standing Committee on Social Policy which is made up of the Ministers from key human services departments.

Regional Context

The Goldfields Southeast Health region covers an area of about 801,000 square kilometres and has a population is 58,926 (1996), approximately 3% of the state population. Over half the population reside in the City of Kalgoorlie/Boulder and 7.8% of the population are Indigenous. Major industry is mining, with farming a significant industry in the south. The population in the northern section is more transient than those residing in the southern half, primarily as a result of mining employment practices. The region is also characterised by a disparity of incomes, highlighting the diversity of population and cultures.

Alcohol is considered an ongoing problem for the Goldfields South-East region. This perception of high usage of alcohol is supported by data on alcohol consumption, which for the year 1997/1998 recorded a rate of 16.13 litres per capita. This is 1.49 times higher than the State alcohol consumption rate of 10.69 litres per capita. Furthermore, in 2001, the mean cost of alcohol-related hospitalisation for this region was \$18.44 per capita. This is 1.08 times higher than the mean State rate of \$17.01.

Current Funded Alcohol and Drug Related Activity in the Goldfields South-East Health Region

The DAO, Office of Aboriginal Health (OAH) and Council of Australian Governments (COAG) currently provides funding for Alcohol and Other Drug related programs and services in the Goldfields South-East Region of approximately \$1 344 240. Approximately 18% of this funding is provided for ongoing costs associated with 1 Sobering Up Centre. The remaining is provided for prevention, treatment and support activities and practice development.

Current Drug and Alcohol Office Activity in the Goldfields South-East Health Region

The DAO currently provides a range of key programs and activities statewide which are summarised in Appendix 2. Specific to the Goldfields South-East Health Region and in addition to those activities DAO is involved with:

- One Aboriginal trainee position agreed, still negotiating location; and
- Four people from Community Drug Service Teams (CDSTs), funded by OAH, will attend the traineeship program.

Current Department for Community Development Initiatives in the Goldfields South East Coastal Health Region

The DCD is implementing a range of initiatives in the Goldfields South-East Coastal Health Region.

As part of a response to family and domestic violence, the DCD is establishing a crisis support service in Laverton. Additionally, in response to the recommendations of the WA

Homelessness Taskforce, an additional \$25,000 per annum will be provided to two women's refuges in the Goldfields region to enable these services to support the children of people who are homeless as a result of domestic violence and other crises.

For youth, the DCD is collaborating with the WA Police Service, local government and local businesses to support the HYPE project located in Kalgoorlie.

In response to the recommendations of the Gordon Inquiry, the DCD will:

- Expand the Strong Families initiative at a statewide level to provide an interagency collaborative case management approach to children and families at risk;
- Appoint a Strong Families co-ordinator to be located in Esperance, and
- Appoint four additional child protection workers to the Goldfields area of which at least three positions will be filled by people of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander descent.

The DCD has also commenced a new Best Beginnings early intervention service in the Goldfields Region, which will be followed by an Aboriginal Early Years service which will commence in the near future.

New Resource Implications

While the process of Area Planning was not intended to be linked to allocation of new resources, it will be noted that within this Area Plan there are one or more strategies which have new resource implications. DAO will prioritise all projects using the following criteria and subject to the 2003-04 budget will resource these initiatives following negotiations with local stakeholders:

1. Measuring the proposed action against evidence on what works (ie. including best practice guidelines, sustainability, feasibility, etc).
2. Current financial expenditure in a region or area.
3. Evidence of need (ie. Demographic profile, alcohol consumption, hospitalisation, mortality, current services and gaps etc).
4. Summit priorities and recommendations.

Summary of the Draft Area Drug and Alcohol Plan for the Goldfields South-East Health Region

The Draft Area Drug and Alcohol Plan for the Goldfields South-East has three identified priority areas. These are:

- System Coordination and Integration;
- Addressing Harmful and Hazardous Alcohol Use; and
- Enhancing Access to Treatment and Support Services.

These are also the priority areas adopted by DAO as a result of the Statewide planning process undertaken in 2002. They are consistent with the main issues identified across the State as well as in the Goldfields South-East Health Region.

Under each of these priority areas are a number of strategies which have been identified as a result of the Area Planning process in the Goldfields South-East. In the draft Plan the DAO response has been outlined. The initiatives outlined below are statewide services or specific to regions as stated in the relevant agency plan. Appendix 1 should be read in conjunction with the agency plan produced by the relevant department.

It is envisaged that the “Local Response” will be developed as the next phase of Area Planning, following your feedback. These Area Plans are action oriented and as working documents will be updated on a six-monthly basis as the implementation phase progresses.

DRAFT Goldfields South-East Coastal Health Region Area Drug and Alcohol Plan

Priority Area: SYSTEM CO-ORDINATION AND INTEGRATION	
STRATEGY 1: Develop and implement mechanisms for improved collaboration, partnerships and coordination across agencies providing services to people affected by AOD problems across the Goldfields SouthEast Health Service	
BACKGROUND: National and State Drug and Alcohol Strategies, and WA models for Treatment and Support and Prevention are based on the principles of integration and coordination of services and development of collaborative and partnership models. The need for improved ways of cooperation was also identified at the Community Drug Summit in recommendations 9,26,30,32 and 34 and in the Goldfields SouthEast Area Planning consultation.	
Drug and Alcohol Office Response	Local Response
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Facilitate partnerships and collaborate with other agencies and service providers through co-location options and MOUs' where appropriate. 2. Provide support for clinical AOD service delivery through Clinical Advisory Service (CAS). 3. Assist with implementation of a shared-care model. 4. Emphasise co-joint case management and reflect service coordination in contracts of funded agencies. 5. Develop resources and models to assist agency and service integration (ie. with Community Drug Service Team (CDST) and Regional Health Promotion Unit (RHPU). 6. Provide training in organisational development and strategic activities planning for WA Network of Alcohol and Drug Agencies (WANADA) members. 7. Planning and Contracting staff to investigate potential resource realignment or allocation for service delivery in Leonora, Laverton and Coolgardie in consultation with local stakeholders. 8. As part of the Commonwealth funded WA Diversion Program investigate opportunities to expand Police and Court Diversion services in the Goldfields South-East Health Region. 	

Priority Area: SYSTEM CO-ORDINATION AND INTEGRATION	
STRATEGY 2: Review school drug programs and address duplication and gaps in provision of drug education in schools.	
BACKGROUND: Recommendation 24 of the Community Drug Summit supports a comprehensive, evidence based and culturally relevant school drug education program. The Area Drug and Alcohol Planning consultation also identified confusion over the roles and responsibilities of agencies providing school drug education, and duplication in many regions, including the Goldfields.	
Drug and Alcohol Office Response	Local Response
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Facilitate development of a strategic approach to drug education for school aged children with relevant stakeholders (eg. Department of Education and Training (DoET), School Drug Education Project (SDEP), Western Australian Police Service (WAPS), etc). 2. Coordinate review of School Drug Education Project (SDEP). 3. Clarify the role of and support key stakeholders in providing evidenced based prevention and education services to schools. 	

Priority Area: SYSTEM CO-ORDINATION AND INTEGRATION	
STRATEGY 3: Improve AOD and Mental Health Services response to people with comorbid conditions	
BACKGROUND: Recommendation 31 from the Community Drug Summit states that Mental Health and AOD agencies should be resourced to develop workable partnerships to deal with persons presenting with both drug and mental health problems to ensure they receive immediate, accessible, accountable and culturally appropriate service with continuity of care.	
Drug and Alcohol Office Response	Local Response
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assist with the development of common protocols and linkages between drug and alcohol, Department of Community Development (DCD) and mental health services. 2. Development of Alcohol, Drugs and Psychiatric Treatment (ADAPT) program in conjunction with Office of Mental Health. 3. With Planning and Coordination Unit further develop ADAPT strategies based on regional consultations. 4. Re-configure service agreements to reflect the responsibilities of funded agencies to improve collaboration and partnerships across AOD and Mental Health agencies. 5. Clarify and facilitate roles and relationships where they do not exist between AOD and Mental Health agencies. 	

Priority Area: ADDRESSING HAZARDOUS AND HARMFUL ALCOHOL USE	
STRATEGY 1: Early intervention, prevention and parenting education	
BACKGROUND: In recommendations 3, 9 and 22 of the Community Drug Summit, the Government commits to strengthening and coordinating existing prevention and early intervention policies and strategies and commits DAO to lead planning and coordination of drug prevention and early intervention activity in the community. Recommendations 15 and 25 refer to providing appropriate family support and developing positive parenting skills.	
Drug and Alcohol Office Response	Local Response
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Support development of early intervention strategies for families. 2. Support the provision of training to DCD workers and community health nurses about early intervention strategies. 3. Review and coordinate parent alcohol and drug education initiatives. 4. Consult with Safer WA and local government on parent treatment service options through Communities that Care – (Parents & Drug Use) and support an integrated parenting service across agencies. 5. Play a lead role in facilitating the development of a program through Family Sensitive Practice project. 6. Consult with other agencies on their roles on AOD education and if applicable, develop local prevention promotional material. 	

Priority Area: ADDRESSING HAZARDOUS AND HARMFUL ALCOHOL USE	
STRATEGY 2: Reduce hazardous and harmful alcohol use.	
BACKGROUND: Alcohol misuse is second only to tobacco as a preventable cause of death and hospitalisation in Australia. Harm caused by excessive alcohol consumption accounts for 4.9 per cent of the total disease burden in Australia. Alcohol related harm can be reduced through the use of a range of legislative and regulatory arrangements which control the availability and use of alcohol products. This is a Key Strategy within the National Alcohol Strategy.	
Drug and Alcohol Office Response	Local Response
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Development and implementation of WA Alcohol Strategy with key partners where appropriate. 2. Continue to resource a range of prevention, treatment and support services including CDSTs, other NGOs and Next Step to provide services to people with alcohol related problems. 3. Continue to resource and review the utilisation of Sobering Up Centres in the context of the management of intoxication consistent with a systems approach. 4. Continue involvement with Alcohol Accords in conjunction with key stakeholders such as the WA Police Service. 	

Priority Area: ENHANCING ACCESS TO TREATMENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES	
STRATEGY 1: Increased access to treatment and support services for Indigenous people and people from regional, rural and remote areas.	
BACKGROUND: Identified as a priority by Area planning consultations. The National Alcohol Strategy (2001 to 2003-04) also identified access to and availability of specialist services as priorities.	
Drug and Alcohol Office Response	Local Response
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Promote Alcohol and Drug Information Service (ADIS) service to rural and remote areas, including access to updated service directories. 2. Consult with Local Drug Action Groups (LDAG) on potential submission of funding proposal to develop local service directory on the City of Kalgoorlie website. 3. Planning and Contracting staff to consult with local stakeholders about enhancing the capacity of AOD/health service for Norseman (with community development emphasis). 4. Planning and Contracting staff to consult with local stakeholders and review the need for a range of services, including intoxication management, post-rehabilitation and harm reduction in Esperance. 5. Prevention branch to work with key prevention partners in planning evidence-based response to alcohol-related harm. 6. Develop, implement and monitor Indigenous Trainees Program. 7. Placement of Indigenous trainees in AOD and other health services. 8. Progress Indigenous element of the Diversion program in conjunction with key stakeholders such as the WA Police Service. 9. Work in partnership with Indigenous AOD/Health service providers to support their efforts. 	

Priority Area: ENHANCING ACCESS TO TREATMENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES	
STRATEGY 2: Support workforce development issues identified by the WA Alcohol Strategy, i.e. support GPs and other frontline workers, as well as providing Brief Intervention Training and support.	
BACKGROUND: Identified as a priority by the National Alcohol Strategy (2001 to 2003-04) and Area planning consultations.	
Drug and Alcohol Office Response	Local Response
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Develop and implement a Quality Assurance Framework in relation to workforce development. 2. Provide training and support to local people who can provide confidential services to remote communities. 3. Assist in liaising with Dept of Education and Training regarding their local centres and potential for training provision (ie. community-based mentoring training). 4. Continue developing strategies to encourage GP interest and reduce turnover, pursue concept of bulk billing for AOD issues and investigate feasibility of a GP circuit option. 5. Continue to ensure addiction studies is a component of GP education. 6. Next Step specialists and Clinical Advisory Service (CAS) to provide support and consultancy to GPs working in the region. 7. Investigate Clinical training and placements for rural and remote GPs. 8. Investigate visiting consultancy services in regional areas. 9. Review effectiveness of the GP project initiatives and continue with GP Liaison project to improve access to inpatient services and improve clinical planning. 	

APPENDIX 1

SUMMARY OF OTHER GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT KEY INITIATIVES

The initiatives outlined below are statewide services or specific to regions as stated in the relevant agency plan. Appendix 1 should be read in conjunction with the agency plan produced by the relevant department.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH *DRUG AND ALCOHOL ACTION PLAN*

Prevention and Early Intervention

The Department will:

- Reduce the prevalence of risky alcohol consumption and other drug use in women of child-bearing age;
- Increase community capacity to prevent co-occurring mental illness and AOD use. Reduce the harm associated with co-occurring mental illness and harmful AOD use;
- Implement state-wide youth and community AOD education programs through local metropolitan and country health services eg. implement brief intervention and tobacco screening for patients and clients of metropolitan health services;
- Reduce the incidence of intentional and unintentional AOD related injuries;
- Reduce the incidence and transmission of HIV, hepatitis C and other bloodborne viruses and minimise the personal and social impact of HIV and other BBVs; and
- Review all Office of Aboriginal Health AOD contracts to ensure inclusion of prevention and early intervention, where appropriate.

Treatment and Support Services

The Department will:

- Support access for clients of Community Health Services to AOD programs;
- Increase community capacity to prevent co-occurring mental illness and AOD use and reduce the harm associated with co-occurring mental illness and harmful AOD use;
- Provide appropriate treatment and support services for patients and clients of health services and build capacity of generalist health services and their staff to provide quality treatment and support services;
- Assist in more widespread provision (decentralisation) of appropriate treatment for drug use problems by medical practitioners and community pharmacists; and
- Review all Office of Aboriginal Health AOD contracts to ensure inclusion of treatment and support, where appropriate.

Coordination

The Department will:

- Ensure coordination of service provision and referral between community and child health services and other service providers;

- Ensure coordination of services with respect to mental health, within Department of Health (DoH) and between DoH and other government and non government organizations;
- Create more effective linkages between Divisions of General Practice, GPs and the drug and alcohol sector, for the deliver of AOD services;
- Implement DoH and other drug related policies through coordination within and between health services;
- Work with relevant key agencies to reduce the number of people who inject drugs; and
- Develop and foster key strategic partnerships to reduce the incidence of alcohol and drug related harm in the indigenous community.

DEPARTMENT FOR COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT *DRUG AND ALCOHOL ACTION PLAN*

Prevention and Early Intervention

The Department will:

- Coordinate the development of an across Government Early Years Strategy;
- Implement Family Strength initiatives with funding of \$10 million over 5 years, commencing 2001/02;
- Work with the Children and Young People in Care Advisory Committee and other stakeholders to reduce the rate at which children and young people enter out of home care as a result of parental drug and alcohol use;
- Launch a grants program and handbook in recognition of the needs of young people for public space in regional areas;
- Promote participation and inclusion of young people in public spaces through support and expansion of the Hillarys Youth Project Enquiry;
- Promote greater involvement of children and young people in policy development through funding to the Create Foundation to advocate and represent the concerns of children and young people and continue to support the Youth Advisory Network; and
- Undertake and support research that builds the capacity of service providers to work with children and young people through participation in the National Steering Committee of the National Youth Affairs Research Scheme.

Treatment and Support Services

The Department will:

- Work with other agencies to implement the State Government's response to the recommendations of the Inquiry into Response by Government Agencies to Complaints of Family Violence and Child Abuse in Aboriginal communities;
- Support grandparents and other relatives caring for children full time as a result of family crisis such as parental drug and alcohol use by providing \$100,000 funding over three years for grandparents support service;
- Work with other agencies to implement the State Government's response to the recommendations of the State Homelessness Taskforce;
- Review and update the service delivery protocol developed between the Supported Accommodation and Assistance Program and drug and alcohol services; and
- Continue to work with local services including the Local Drug Action Groups to improve service collaboration for families affected by drug and alcohol use.

Other Initiatives

The Department will:

- Develop a range of workforce development initiatives to build the skills of Departmental and community sector staff, particularly in relation to drug and alcohol awareness and working collaboratively with other agencies;
- Improve its capacity to identify and manage cases involving drug and alcohol use by introducing new information technology through the ASSIST project; and
- Update the Department's drug and alcohol policy in collaboration with other stakeholders.

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND WORKS *DRUGS AND ALCOHOL ACTION PLAN*

Prevention and Early Intervention

The Department will:

- Provide a collaborative approach in conjunction with the Department of Justice (DoJ) aimed at reducing the cycle of offending through the Aboriginal Cyclical Offending Program;
- Develop protocols with aims to improve pathways on access for public housing through Priority Housing, Exit Point Housing and Bond Assistance;
- Provide support to tenants who are experiencing difficulties in their tenancy through the Supported Housing Assistance Program;
- Upgrade accommodation, training and employment opportunities through the Management Support Program;
- Reduce the rent for the tenant/s whilst undergoing treatment/rehabilitation through the Absentee Tenant Minimum Rent Policy;
- Coordinate and facilitate across Government agencies in the case management of Aboriginal families and individuals through the Indigenous Families program;
- Coordinate the provision of 27 units of accommodation for persons exiting the prison system;
- Provide temporary housing for the homeless or clients in immediate crisis through the Crisis Accommodation Program;
- Coordinate a Transitional Housing Program;
- Continue to provide the Aboriginal Tenancy Support Service (ATSS);
- Support the Stronger Families Program to assist families through Safer WA and involve intersectorial collaboration in dealing with families having problems in the community;
- Provide permanent long term housing for homeless young people and specifically target homeless youth between the ages of 15 and 17 through the Youth Externally Supported Housing Program (YES) and Fremantle Regional External Supported Housing Program (FRESH);
- Improve coordination and collaboration by Government service providers as part of the Government's response to the Gordon Enquiry; and
- Continue the Homelessness Taskforce to put homeless people in contact with available accommodation options.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIGENOUS AFFAIRS *DRUG AND ALCOHOL ACTION PLAN*

Prevention and Early Intervention

The Department will address the need for:

Capacity Building

In Western Australia, the DIA sees Capacity Building as part of an holistic approach to Indigenous advancement and therefore has endorsed a two-pronged approach. DIA sees the need for:

- Building the capacity of the Indigenous community to determine and manage positive change;
- Capacity building in government that sees them engaging with the Indigenous community, in partnership approaches, to achieve agreed outcomes.

There is a focus on a community driven development approach to Capacity Building, with neither of the above being achieved in isolation from the other. This focus hinges on effective engagement and participation of Indigenous people in all decision making that affects their lives.

Patrols

Funding is currently provided to twenty-one (21) community patrols throughout Western Australia (WA). Patrols provide strategies at the community level to deal with and respond to a range of social problems experienced in Aboriginal communities. They aim to reduce contact between Indigenous people and the criminal justice system. Patrols are operated by the community and are supported by DIA and other agencies.

Community By-Laws

DIA administers the *Aboriginal Communities Act 1979* (ACA) that enables Indigenous people to establish by-laws that govern conduct and access on community lands. DIA works with other key agencies and stakeholders to support implementation of Community By-Laws.

Treatment and Support Services

DIA does not provide any treatment services but supports Indigenous communities to access services.

Law, Justice and Enforcement

DIA does not provide any law, justice and enforcement services but supports Indigenous community to access services.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND TRAINING *DRUG AND ALCOHOL ACTION PLAN*

Prevention and Early Intervention

The Department will:

Curriculum Strategy

- Identify and review existing curriculum related to drug and alcohol use and the extent to which this is delivered across the education and training sectors; and
- Identify and review opportunities where curriculum related to drug and alcohol use may be embedded into units of competency delivered across the VET sector and as part of school-based curriculum related to the outcomes of the Curriculum Framework and the school contexts.

Information Strategy

- Identify opportunities for developing an integrated educational awareness strategy focussing on drug and alcohol use in the workplace, on-campus and in the school community; and
- Through central, Regional Organising Committees and In Touch training, the role and access to CDSTs to students experiencing problems associated with drug use to be promoted to school staff.

Professional Development

- Review existing professional development strategies for teachers and VET trainers in relation to drug and alcohol use;
- Identify further professional development opportunities for teachers and VET trainers including:
 - referral processes;
 - drug and alcohol use in the workplace; and
- Identify opportunities for supporting upskilling/reskilling of employees of other government agencies.

Policy and Program Development

- Review existing drug and alcohol policies and update/enhance as required
- Identify opportunities for policy and program development for key target groups, specifically:
 - culturally and linguistically diverse groups (CALD), including multicultural and indigenous communities;
 - apprentices and trainees; and
 - 15-19 year olds.

School Drug Education Project (SDEP)

- SDEP will use DAO Regional Profiles to strategically resource regions within WA;
- SDEP will continue to manage the School Community Grants Scheme which gives schools an opportunity to receive funding to support their local prevention programs;
- SDEP will provide the Leavers Live handbook to communities interested in supporting Year 12 Leavers;

- SDEP will provide training and support for school staff in drug education and with the In Touch: Managing Drug Issues in Schools resource through:
 - Central training;
 - Regional training

Treatment and Support

- Review and enhance referral services currently in place across the education and training sectors; and
- Review and promote information available on drug and alcohol use to students and staff across the education and training sectors.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA POLICE SERVICE *DRUG AND ALCOHOL ACTION PLAN*

Prevention And Early Intervention

The Service will:

- Commit to the delivery of quality Youth oriented alcohol and other drug education and awareness through the GURD strategy by:
 - Promoting the GURD Youth Alcohol and Drug Education Strategy throughout the State; and
 - Enhance the GURD Strategy within the community through further youth based interactive activities that also target parents and the community.
- Maintain a focussed approach to supporting local communities- empowering parents through the ongoing provision of community based parent education and other initiatives by:
 - Enhancing the ongoing support for local communities by the provision of well-resourced alcohol and other drug awareness sessions; and
 - Increasing parental understanding and awareness of Alcohol & Other Drug Services available at a local level.
- Implement statewide drug diversion programs aimed at the diversion of eligible offenders into areas including education and or treatment by:
 - Monitoring the proposed legislative changes to the Misuse of Drugs Act by the introduction of the Cannabis Control Bill 2003 and
 - The impending introduction of All Drug Diversion as of 1 January 2004.
- Facilitate an improvement in the organisational capacity to develop protocols and develop practices that allow for a more collaborative working relationship with people and communities affected by drug and alcohol use by:
 - Committing to broadening the understanding of the principles of “Harm Reduction” within the policing environment; and
 - Providing for recreational alternatives for young persons i.e. “Blue Light Disco’s, PCYCs and GURD activities”.
- Commit to the reduction of harms associated with the use of alcohol at a State and Community level by:
 - Demonstrating an ongoing ability to promote the responsible sale, supply and marketing of alcohol; and
 - Committing to assist local government, sporting bodies and other agencies with implementing responsible alcohol and drug policies.

Law, Justice And Enforcement

The Service will:

- Reduce the supply of illicit drugs and other substances into and across our state and local community borders by:
 - Developing integrated approaches to assist in the detection of illicit drugs crossing our state and community borders; and
 - Promoting an ongoing commitment, through intelligence based policing to the ongoing detection and dismantling of clandestine drug laboratories.

- Reduce the illegal supply of alcohol within our communities by regulating the sale, supply and consumption on premises in which liquor is sold by:
 - Assisting with the establishment and maintenance of local community Liquor Accords; and
 - Providing an ongoing commitment, through intelligence based policing to the ongoing reduction of alcohol related crime at a community level.
- We will assist local communities by introducing appropriate control over alcohol availability and trading hours

Coordination

The Service will:

- Develop a realistic and co-ordinated approach to referral between police, community and alcohol and other drug services;
- Research the opportunity of an innovative and more collaborative approach to the collection and sharing of statistical data; and
- Create more effective linkages between WAPS and other Law Enforcement Agencies and Regulatory Bodies.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *DRUG AND ALCOHOL ACTION PLAN*

The Western Australian Drug and Alcohol Strategy, endorsed in Parliament in August 2002, provides the framework for the Justice Drug Plan, which will see a significant increase in services to prevent and reduce drug-related harms.

The justice system has traditionally been regarded as the "end of the line" for criminals with drug problems. This must change, with the Department of Justice becoming a critical, proactive player with a comprehensive range of prevention and treatment strategies to tackle the issue.

Prevention and Early Intervention

- Introduce harm reduction measures to reduce the prevalence of blood-borne communicable diseases
- The delivery of a comprehensive transition program for offenders will prevent further alcohol and drug related offending.

Law, Justice and Enforcement

- Expand the number of drug detection dogs in prisons by adding four dogs and four dog handlers. This will bring the total team to 15 dogs and 13 handlers
- Deploy drug detection dogs to prisons where drug testing shows higher levels of drug use
- Deploy a permanent drug detection dog at Bandyup Women's Prison
- Incrementally introduce multi-purpose response dogs as an alternative to single purpose dogs
- Double the random drug testing of offenders in the metropolitan maximum-security prisons from twice a year to four times a year
- Introduce instant urine tests for preliminary testing at all prisons

Treatment and Support

- Introduce a comprehensive pharmacotherapy program including methadone, Buprenorphine and Naltrexone, enabling up to 150 offenders to be engaged in this treatment at any time
- Expand treatment programs for high-risk offenders with an additional 15 programs per year, catering for an extra 150 offenders
- Introduce two new drug-free units in WA prisons, with one additional unit in a metropolitan prison and one in a regional prison
- Investigate the efficacy of a prison-based therapeutic community
- In partnership with government and non-government agencies, introduce a comprehensive transition program for offenders re-entering the community to address health, housing, drug programs and counselling, training, employment and education needs.

Making the Plan Work

- Establish a comprehensive monitoring framework to measure the success of the key strategies.

APPENDIX 2

STATEWIDE DRUG AND ALCOHOL OFFICE ACTIVITY

The Drug and Alcohol Office (DAO) provides the following key programs and activities at a statewide level:

Prevention

Drug Programs

- Drug Aware Program - including campaigns, a website (www.drugaware.com.au), the Pharmacy Project and the Business Project;
- Night Venues Project - including resources and merchandise;
- Tertiary Partnerships Project - support of orientation days and health weeks with merchandise; and
- Peer Education Project.

Alcohol Programs

- Alcohol Education programs - 100% Control, Host, Respect Yourself and Drinking Guidelines and Standard Drinks campaigns;
- Drinkchecks - support and resources;
- Accord Stakeholder Review;
- Liquor Licensing interventions;
- Workshops on Liquor Licensing Issues for health professionals; and
- Support of Alcohol Accords.

The Prevention Branch also provide the following programs and activities:

- State Publications Program;
- Develops partnerships with organizations such as Local Drug Action Groups (LDAGs), Rotary and Lions;
- Provides support and training to regional health officers, CDSTs, LDAGs and Regional Organising Committees (ROCs);
- Provides strategic direction and support to the School Drug Education Project (SDEP);
- Provides Fogarty Foundation training - a youth specific event management program; and
- Provides strategic support and advice on school leavers activities and issues.

Practice Development

- GP Program;
- Clinical Advisory Service (CAS) - provides advice and support to GPs, pharmacists and other relevant staff involved in pharmacotherapies;
- GP Project - provides training and support to GPs around the state;
- ADIS (Alcohol and Drug Information Service) - provides a telephone counselling and advice service 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (9442 5000, toll free 1800 198 024);
- PDIS (Parent Drug Information Service) - provides a telephone counselling and advice service for parents 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (9442 5050, toll free 1800 653 203);
- Library Services - the DAO Library can be accessed statewide via the DAO website (www.dao.health.wa.gov.au);

- Workforce Development;
- Drug Overdose Prevention Project (DROPP) - provides training in both the prevention and management of overdose to client groups and professionals across the generic and AOD sector;
- Health Systems Development - provides statewide support for Health Services in regard to AOD policy development and Clinical Guidelines;
- Brief Intervention Project - initiates and enhances brief intervention projects through funding support and training;
- Needle and Syringe Program - provides accredited Needle and Syringe Program Coordinator training across the state;
- Family Sensitive Practice - aims to enhance the response of the AOD sector to the needs of the family;
- Department of Justice training - delivery of three day accredited CCO/JJO training;
- Aboriginal Health - addresses indigenous practice development and policy issues across the state; and
- Statewide Indigenous Traineeship Program - one year traineeships for Aboriginal people established in a range of specialist services.

Client Services, Resources and Development

- Coordination of 84 current contracts comprising residential services, specialist outpatient services, Community Drug Service Teams and Sobering Up Centres;
- Consults to sector stakeholders and community representatives on development, implementation and coordination of the metropolitan and country regional drug and alcohol plans; and
- Monitors and evaluates projects funded by DAO.

Policy, Strategy and Information Unit

- Policy development and coordination, information, research and support.

Next Step (specialist government health service)

Currently decentralising to form the Northern, Southern and Eastern Drug and Alcohol Clinics to provide clinical services to these respective metropolitan areas and continues to provide:

- Specialist assessments and treatment;
- Inpatient withdrawal services (located at East Perth);
- Counselling and support services;
- Youth service;
- Pharmacotherapy;
- Pharmacy service;
- Clinical placements; and
- Clinical research and policy development.